

DES DIFFUSEURS PUBLICS AU 21EME SIECLE: POUR QUOI FAIRE? 8-11 OCTOBRE 2008

Positioning, challenges and opportunities of Public Service Broadcasters





Arles, October 9th 2008 by Giovanni Gangemi

From where we come, where we're going



Phase 1: Monopoly: ('50s - '70s)

PSBs are the only holders of TV licences





Phase 2: Commercial TV ('80s)

Private commercial channels are launched PSBs compete with private broadcasters for ratings



Digital Pay Tv services are launched

PSBs lose Premium contents and try to take part to pay-tv consortiums





Phase 4: DTT, IPTV and WEB TV(2000)

Digital Terrestrial TV gives new opportunities to traditional broadcasters. Internet brings Telco operators into the market PSB's enlarge their bouquets of channels on DTT and try to organise

archives for non linear platforms





- 1. Financing models
- 2. Development of digital channels
- 3. Creating non-linear content offers





Top 20 rank of the main World's PSB's

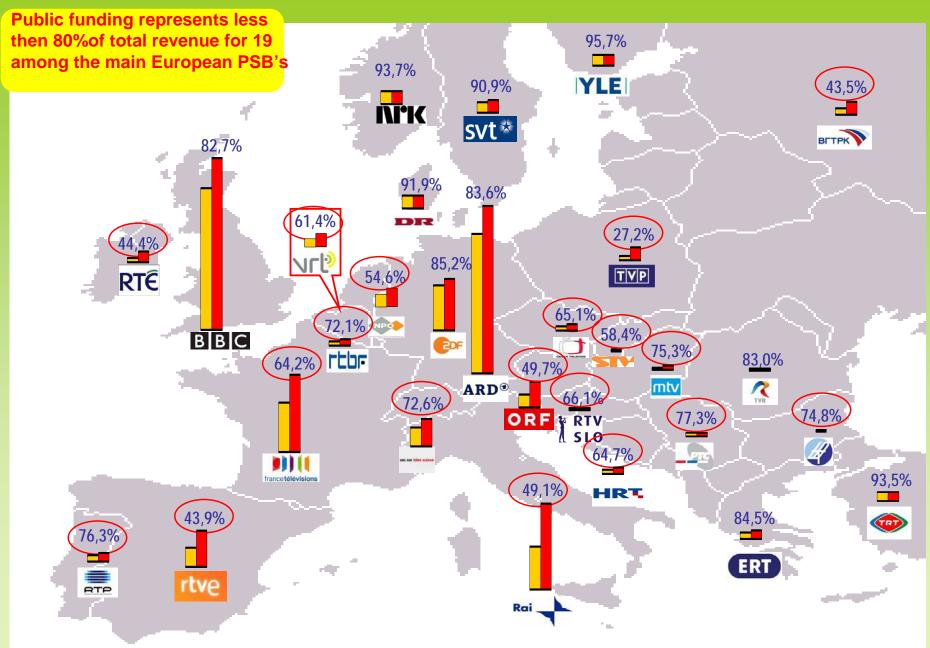


- 9 broadcasters exceed 1 bln Euros in revenues
- The ranking is dominated by European broadcasters: 15 out of 20
- The top three PSB's in the ranking either do not carry advertising (BBC) or are subjected to very restrictive advertising rules.
- > The weight of PSB's on national economies varies. In Germany it accounts for 3,39 ‰, in France for 1,57% and in the US for just 0,05‰ of their GDP's





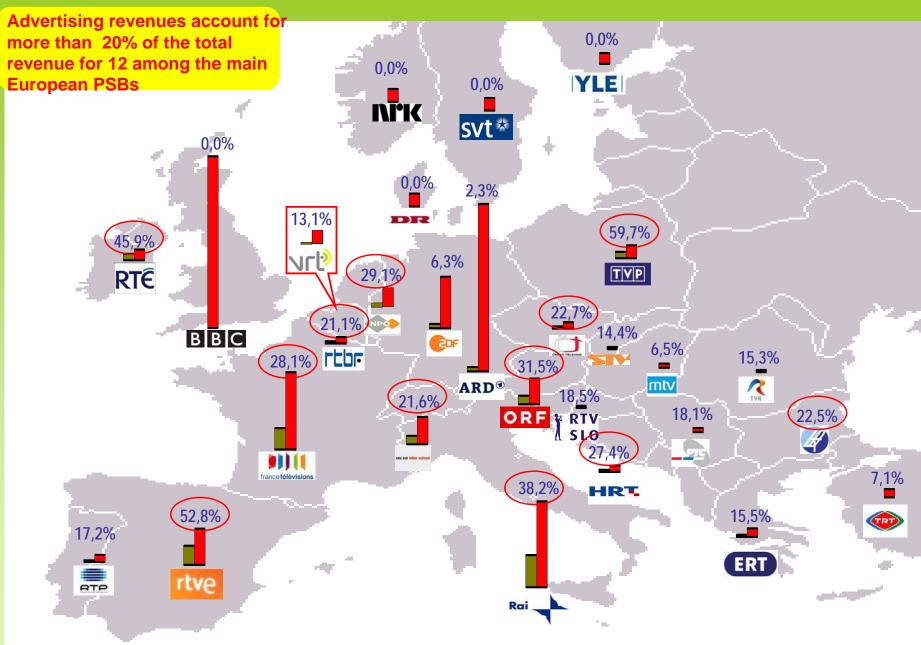
European PSBs: Public funding as a proportion of total revenue/income





Public financing revenues

European PSBs: advertising as a proportion of total revenue/income





Advertising revenues

Reforming the PSBs

Advertising is still a crucial resource for many PSB's

Recent attempts at reforming PSB's aimed at relaunching the "public service" mission and reducing the influence of advertising



- Put an end of "authorised indebting" mechanism
- Reduction of airtime from 12 to 11 mins (later further reduced to 9 mins)
- re-definition of the mission and of the programming schedules
- no introduction of TV license fee



- No longer "prime-time" advertising starting in 2009. General ban on advertising form 2012 onwards
- Levies on private channels and on ISPs (0,8 % of their revenues) to finance the public service
- New tools to measure programmes performance (Qualimat and others)



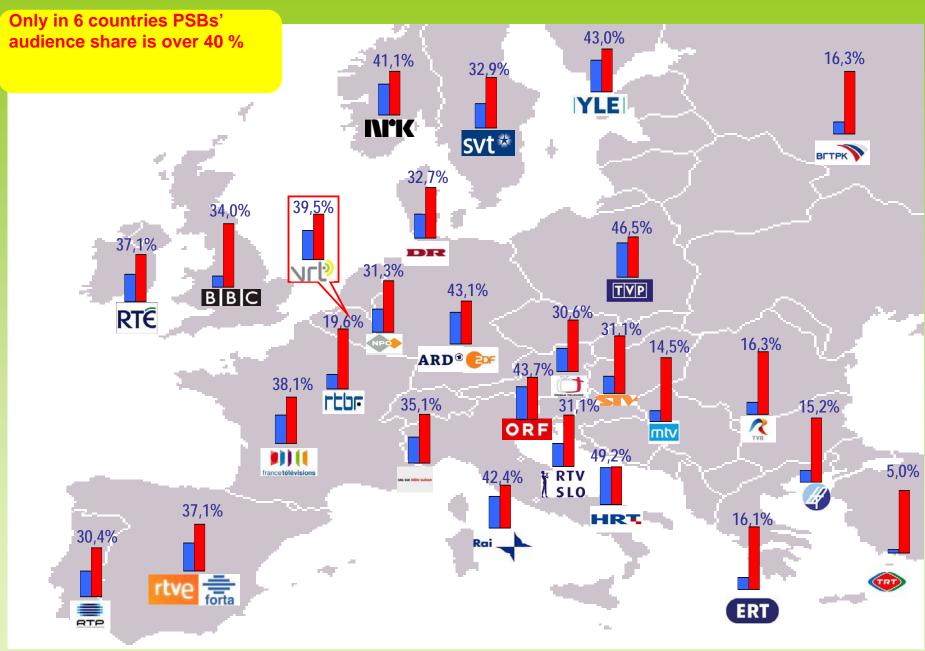
Attempted (and partially failed)

- Higher programming and production quotas
- New tool to measure programmes performance (Qualitel, yet to start)
- Creation of 2 different companies to manage public and commercial funds separately (failed)





Europe: audience performance of PSB's





PBI ARLES

Domestic public channels

Europe's main markets: DTT opportunities

DTT gives analogue broadcasters the opportunity to expand their channels line up

The 5 Largest EU TV markets Number of channels operated by PSB's (2008)									
	TOTAL			"Analogue vs "Digital" *					
francetélévisions	10	7	3	4	6	6	4		
ARD ®	10	10	0	6	4	10	0		
E DF	8	8	0	5	3	6	2		
Rai	16	10	6	3	13	10	6		
BBC	18	9	9	2	16	8	10		
rtve	7	5	2	2	5	5	2		

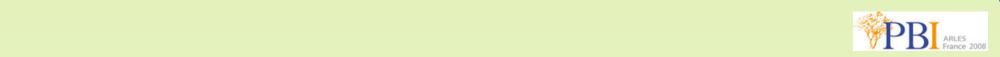
> PSB's moving their are channels from satellite and cable to DTT

Only channels for internal market are accounted Sources: IsICult on companies information

- Thanks to DTT, PSB's can keep steady their ratings
- ➤ Digital channels' performance can offset the analogue channels share loose
- ➤ Viewing figures for some digital channels are now significant: Bbc3 0,9%, Cbeebies 1,1%, Gulli 0,8%

The 5 Largest EU TV markets Ratings of analogue and digital channels 2007 (%)							
	Main anal.	Other anal.	Digitlal only	TOTAL			
francetélévisions	35,2	1,7	1,2	38,1			
ARD®	26,9	3.3		43,1			
EDF	12,9	٥,٥	-				
Rai	41,6	-	0,6	42,4			
BBC	30,6	-	3,4	34,0			
rtve	21,8	-	0,6	22,4			

Sources: IsICult on companies information



Istituto italiano per l'Industria Culturale - Palazzo Taverna Via di Monte Giordano 36 00186 Roma, Tel +39 06 689 23 44, Fax +39 06 689 61 58, www.isicult.i

Europe's main markets: new platforms opportunities



Internet gives analogue broadcasters the opportunity to create a new window of programming But this services still suffer from several weaknesses:

- >Incertitude on business model:
 - o Free and funded by licence fee (iPlayer)
 - Free and fundend by advertising (Rai.tv)
 - Pay (France Tvod, Rewind Tv)
- >Access to TV
 - Dealing with ISP (France Télévisions / Orange, Rai / Fastweb)
 - Creating "opened" offers availables on hybrid IPTV/DTT decoders
- Size of catalogue
 - Stand alone offers
 - "copetitions" (Kangaroo/SeeSaw project)

Broadcaster	"Catch-up" <i>(clip)</i>	"Catch-up" (full lenght)	Premium	Preview	Archive	Simulcasting (channel)	Simulcasting (<i>event</i>)
Rewind TV		✓					
france tvod	✓	✓	✓		✓		
Rai Click		✓	✓		✓		
Rai.tv	✓				✓	✓	
BBC Player		✓	✓				
TVE A la carta a la carta	✓				✓		

Sources: IsICult on companies information







Thank you!





IslCult Via di Monte Giordano, 36 00186 Rome +39 06 689 23 44





